

REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

No. I. C. 2081—*Ft. 101-24-2, dated 19th September 1924.*

For "325 acres 9 guntas" under area against Survey No. 91, appearing in Notification No. I. C. 4591—*Ft. 222-23-2, dated 2nd February 1924, constituting a village Forest at Talakunte, Lakkur Hobli, Malur Taluk, published at page 59, part II of the Mysore Gazette, dated 7th February 1924, please read "313 acres 29 guntas."*

No. I. C. 2115—*Ft. 46-22-7, dated 20th September 1924.*

Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to declare under provisions of Section 17 of the Mysore Forest Regulation of (XI of 1900), that with effect from 1st November 1924 the area, the boundaries of which are set forth in the schedule annexed to this notification, shall be deemed to be a State Forest subject to the exercise of rights specified at foot thereof.

SCHEDULE.

District	Taluk	Approximate area	Name of block
Mysore	Heggaddevankote and Mysore.	4,992-24	Chikkanahalli Block I.

BOUNDARIES.

North.—Starting from the bondh in the bondh in the southern boundary Kannenahundi, Hosur village, ten chains east of the north-east corner of Survey No. 93 of Bettadabidu village the line runs north-east along the southern boundary of Kannenahundi, Hosur and Survey Inam Gopalapura village to a point in the southern boundary of Gopalapura village 10 chains west of the north-west corner of Survey No. 99 of Mavinahalli village.

East.—The line then runs south-west through Survey No. 60 of Mavinahalli for about 13 chains to the north-west corner of Survey No. 89 of Mavinahalli, then in the same direction along the western boundary of the same survey number to its extreme western corner, then in the same direction through Survey No. 60 of Mavinahalli for about 29 chains to the north-west corner of Survey No. 59, then in the same direction along the western boundary of Survey No. 59 to its south-west corner, then south-west through Survey No. 60 of Mavinahalli and 21 of Chikkanahalli for about 44 chains to the north-west corner of Survey No. 8 of Chikkanahalli, then along its western boundary to its south-west corner, then in the same direction for about 19 chains to the north-west corner of Survey No. 64 of Chikkanahalli, then along its western boundary to its south-west corner, then south-west through Survey No. 63 of Chikkanahalli for about 50 chains to the north-west corner of Survey No. 70 of Harohalli village, then through Survey No. 60 of Harohalli for about 18 chains to the western corner of Survey No. 76, then approximately south through Survey Nos. 60 and 107 of Harohalli for about 52 chains to the north-west corner of Survey No. 106, then along its western boundary to its south-west corner, then due south through Survey Nos. 107 and 132 of Harohalli for about 52 chains to the north-west corner of Gujjagowdanapura village, then south-west along the western boundary of Gujjagowdanapura and Mandanahalli villages till it meets the Mysore-Hampapur road.

South.—Then the line runs along the Mysore-Hampapur road to the south-east corner of Survey No. 56 of Kohala, then slightly north-east through Survey No. 43 of Kohala for about 44 chains to the eastern corner of Survey No. 44 of Kohala, then north-west along the northern boundary of Survey No. 44 to its north-west corner, then slightly north-east through Survey No. 43 for about 53 chains to the north-eastern corner of Survey No. 41 of Kohala, then north-west through Survey No. 42 to the north-west corner of Survey No. 40, then along its western boundary and through Survey No. 9 for about 31 chains to the north-east corner of Survey No. 22, then north-west through Survey No. 9 along the Kohala and Maddur cart-track for about 50 chains till it meets the eastern boundary of Maddur village about 64 chains north-west along the said boundary from the north-west corner of Survey No. 8 of Kohala.

West.—Then the line runs north-east and north-west along the eastern boundary of Maddur and Kallahalli villages to a point in the eastern boundary of the latter village about 14 chains west of the south-west corner of Survey No. 34 of Gumachanahalli village, then east through Survey No. 21 of Gumachanahalli for about 14 chains to the south-west corner of Survey No. 34, then in the same direction along the southern boundary of Survey No. 34 to its south-east corner, then north-east through Survey

in the same direction through Survey No. 21 of Gumachanahalli and Survey No. 60 of Bettadabidu for about 26 chains to the south-west corner of Survey No. 61, then in the same direction along the southern boundary of Survey No. 61 to its south-east corner, then north-east through Survey No. 60 for about 36 chains to the south-east corner of Survey No. 74, then north-east through Survey No. 60 for about 21 chains to the southern corner of Survey No. 77, then along its eastern boundary to its eastern corner, then north through Survey No. 92 for about 72 chains to the starting point.

REMARKS.

1. The following rights of way are admitted within the forest block for use by men, cattle and carts all the year round.

(i) The right of way in existing cart-track in Survey Nos. 92 and 60 of Bettadabidu village.

(a) *Cart-track from Bettadabidu to Mysore.*—It enters the State Forest at the south-west corner of Survey No. 77 of Bettadabidu village and runs in the south-eastern direction to a length of 73 chains at 11 yards each and joins the north-western corner of Survey No. 63 of Chikkanahalli village in the Mysore Taluk. It runs then in the same direction to a distance of 42½ chains where it quits the forest boundary at a point 7 chains from north-eastern corner of Survey No. 62 of Chikkanahalli village. The total length of this cart-track within the forest is 115½ chains of 11 yards each with a width of 11 yards throughout.

(b) The cart-track from Bettadabidu to Chikkanahalli. This enters the State Forest after running about 9 chains from south-eastern corner of Survey No. 86 in Survey No. 92 of Bettadabidu village proceeds in the eastern direction to a length of 55 chains in the same Survey No. 92, touches the northern corner of Survey No. 21 of Chikkanahalli village and then runs in the eastern direction to a length of 163 chains in Survey No. 60 of Mavinahalli village, where it quits the forest boundary at 6 chains north of the northern corner of Survey No. 63 of the same village. The total length within the forest is 218 chains with a width of 11 yards throughout.

2. The right of way to men and cattle of Harohalli village along the existing foot-path to take their cattle for water to the katte in Survey Nos. 107 and 132 of Harohalli village.

The foot-path enters the State Forest near the south-eastern corner of Survey No. 61 of Bettadabidu village, runs in south-western direction to a length of 47 chains where it joins the katte in Survey No. 60 of the above said village. Then it runs southwards to a distance of 54 chains where it meets the northern boundary of Survey No. 107 and continuing to run in the southern direction to a length of 101 chains, quits the forest boundary at the north-western corner of Survey No. 106 of Harohalli village. Its total length within the forest block is 202 chains with a width of 11 yards.

CONCESSIONS.

The villagers of Kohala, Kerehundi, Hirinandi, Pura, Hampapur and Beggalahundi will be allowed to graze all their cattle in the State Forest at half the prevailing rates throughout the year as per Khaneshumari accounts of the year.

No. 837—A. & E. 19-26-6, dated 19th September 1924.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation, No. VII of 1894, it is hereby declared that the land described hereunder is required for a public purpose, viz., for the extending the sheep farm and under Sections 7 and 3 (c) of the said Regulation, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of Mysore Sub-Division is authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said land:—

District Taluk Village	Name of holder or owner	Survey No.	Whether dry, wet or garden, etc.	Total extent	Kharab	Remaining extent	Assessment	Extent now required		Boundaries			
								Extent	Assessment	East	West	North	South
Mysore Mysore Elavai Yelachahalli	Attadar Rochiah (deceased) s—(1) Rachiah, (2) Rachiah	19	Dry	11 acres and 17 guntas	11 acres and 17 guntas	Rs. 8-8-0	11 acres 17 guntas	Rs. 8-8-0	State Survey Nos. 23 and 20 Gonal Survey No. 24 Survey No. 21 Gonal Survey No. 24			

No. Fl. 1896—I. T. 9-24-2, dated 20th September 1924.

The following draft of an amendment to the Mysore Income Tax rules, 1923, which it is proposed to make in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 59 of the Mysore Income Tax Regulation, 1923, is published, as required by the said Section, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on and after 20th November 1924. Any objections or suggestions which may be received from any person with respect to the draft before the date specified will be considered by the Government.

Draft Amendment.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 59 of the Mysore Income Tax Regulation, 1923, the Government are pleased to direct that the following be substituted for the statement of rates of depreciation allowance contained in Rule 8 of the Mysore Income Tax rules, 1923:—

Class of buildings, machinery, plant or furniture	Rate	Remarks
	(Percentage on prime cost)	
1. Buildings—	Rs.	* Double these rates may be allowed for buildings used in industries which cause special deterioration, such as chemical works, Soap and candle works, paper mills and tanneries.
(1) First class substantial buildings of selected materials.	2½	
(2) Buildings of less substantial construction.	5	
(3) Purely temporary erections such as wooden structures.	10	
2. Machinery, Plant or Furniture—		† The special rates for electrical machinery given below may be adopted at firm's option for that portion of their machinery.
General rate	5	
Rates sanctioned for special industries:—		
Flour Mills, Rice Mills, Bone Mills, Sugar Works, Distilleries, Ice Factories, Aerating Gas Factories, Match Factories.	6½	
Paper Mills, ship building and Engineering Works, Iron and Brass Foundries, Electrical Engineering Works, Motor Car repairing works, Galvanising Works, Patent Stone Works, Oil extraction factories, Chemical Works, Soap and Candle Works, Lime Works, Saw Mills, Dyeing and Bleaching Works, Furniture and plant in hotels and boarding houses, Cement works using rotary kilns.	7½	
Plant used in connection with brick manufacture, tile making machinery, optical machinery, glass factories surgical and dental instruments, Telephone Companies, Collieries.	10	
Sewing machines for canvas or leather	12½	
Motor cars used solely for the purpose of business.	15	
Motor taxis, motor lorries and motor buses.	20	
3. Electrical Machinery—		
(a) Batteries	15	
(b) Other Electrical machinery, including electrical generators, motors (other than Tramway motors) switch-gear and instruments transformers, and other stationery plant and wiring and fittings of electric light and fan installations.	7½	

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Class of buildings, machinery, plant or furniture	Rate	Remarks
	(Percentage on prime cost) Rs.	
4. Hydro-Electric concerns— Hydraulic works, pipe lines, sluices and all other items not otherwise provided for in this statement.	2½	
5. Mines—		
(1) Railway sidings (excluding rails)	5	
(2) Shafts	5	
(3) Inclines & (excluding rails)	5	
(4) Tramways on the surface (excluding rails).	10	
(5) Electric plant used in connection with Gold Mines.	7½	
		\$ Depreciation on rails used for tramways and sidings and in inclines where the rails are the property of the assessee is allowed at 10 per cent under item 2 above (Plant used in connection with collieries) in addition to any depreciation allowance on the cost of constructing the tramways sidings or inclines.

By Order,

K. V. ANANTARAMAN,

Secretary, to Government,
Revenue Department.

PUBLIC WORKS SECRETARIAT.

No. P. W. 995—997.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation, No. VII of 1894, it is hereby declared that the land described hereunder is required for a public purpose, viz., drainage scheme of Nelamangala Town, and under Sections 7 and 3 (c) of the said Regulation, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of Dodballapur Sub-Division is authorised to take order for the acquisition of the land:—

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Name of khatedar or owner	Survey No. or Municipal No.	Whether dry, wet or garden	Total extent	Kharab	Remaining extent	Assessment	Extent now required		Boundaries			
											Extent	Assessment	East	West	North	South
Bangalore	Nelamangala	Kasaba	Karase (town)	Rama Rao bin Venkata Rao	45	Garden	33 guntas	6 guntas	27 guntas	Rs. 2-4-0	200' x 3' = 600 or ½ gunta	Rs. 0-0-7	Survey No. 46—2 Papiash alias Gangiah	Survey No. 2 tank bed	Survey No. 44—1 to 10 Sub-Nos. Hanumakka and others	Survey No. 46, Muddanajunda Setty.

NOTE.—A plan of the property proposed to be acquired is kept in the Dodballapur Sub-Division Office and may be inspected during office hours by the persons interested.